Suggested Entries for a Book of Centuries

Week 1

1453 C. EConstantinople falls to the Turks.
1492 C. EThe New World is discovered.

Week 2

1450 C. EFrancesco Sforza seizes power in Italy, making himself a duke.
1449-1492 C. EThe lifespan of Lorenzo de Medici.

Week 3

1265-1321 C. EThe lifespan of Dante.
1304-1374 C. E -The lifespan of Petrarch.
1313-1375 C. EThe lifespan of Boccaccio.
1463-1494 C. EThe lifespan of Pico della Mirandola.
1469-1527 C. EThe lifespan of Nicolo Machiavelli.

Note: Week 4 is added to Week 3. No separate entries are needed.

Week 5

1511-1574 C. E The lifespan of Giorgio Vasari, who wrote Lives of the
Painters, Sculptors and Architects.
1240-1302 C. EThe lifespan of Cimabue, who later discovered Giotto.
1266-1337 C. EThe lifespan of Giotto.
1387-1455 C. EThe lifespan of Fra Angelico.
1466-1510 C. EThe lifespan of Botticelli.
1452-1519 C. EThe lifespan of Leonardo da Vinci.
1377-1446 C. EThe lifespan of Brunelleschi.
1378-1455 C. EThe lifespan of Ghiberti, known for his bronze doors to the
Baptistery in Florence.

Week 6

1452-1498 C. EThe lifespan of Savonarola.
1495 C. ESavonarola is asked to stop preaching by Alexander VI, the Pope.

1422-1512 C. E. -Giovanni Bellini and his brother Gentile (1421-1501) are painters who use canvas over wood.

1450-1522 C. E. -The lifespan of Vittore Carpaccio, a Venetian painter.

1487-1576 C. E. -The lifespan of Titian, the Venetian painter known for his love of color.

1447-1455 C. E. -Reign of Nicholas V, Pope who began the Vatican library.

1513-1521 C. E. -Reign of Leo X, a Medici and patron of art.

Week 8

1444-1514 C. E. -The lifespan of Bramante.

1475-1564 C. E. -The lifespan of Michelangelo, known for his frescoes in the Sistine Chapel.

1483-1520 C. E. -The lifespan of Raphael.

1525-1594 C. E. -The lifespan of Palestrina, choirmaster of the Vatican and great composer of church music.

Week 9

1493-1519 C. E. - Maximilian is the Holy Roman Emperor.

Week 10

1519-1556 C. E. - Charles V reigns as Holy Roman Emperor.

1555 C. E. -Charles V abdicates, leaving his throne to his son Philip.

Week 11

1492 C. E. - The Capitulation of Granada was an agreement reached between Ferdinand and Isabella and the Moors, after a war between them.

1556-1598 C. E. - Reign of Philip II, reigning over Naples and Sicily in 1554 and Spain in 1556.

1571 C. E. -The battle of Lepanto, a sea battle between Spanish and Venetian fleets and Turkish fleets.

1584-1614 C. E. -The lifespan of El Greco, a Spanish painter.

1547-1616 C. E. -The lifespan of Cervantes, the Spanish author of *Don Ouixote*.

Week 13

1422-1461 C. E. -The reign of Charles VII.

1461-1483 C. E. -The reign of Louis XI, son of Charles VII, was called the "universal spider".

1485-1498 C. E. -The reign of Charles VIII, known for his Italian war.

Week 14

1498-1515 C. E. -Reign of Louis XII, who first marries Jeanne, but then later marries Anne of Brittany.

1515-1547 C. E. -Reign of Francis I who rivaled greatly with Charles V.

1520 C. E. -Meeting between Henry VIII and Francis I at the Field of Cloth of Gold.

1547-1559 C. E. -Reign of Henry II of France

Week 15

1530 C. E. - College de France is founded.

1524-1560 C. E. -The lifespan of Joachim du Bellay.

1524-1585 C. E. -The lifespan of Pierre de Ronsard.

1493-1553 C. E. -The lifespan of François Rabelais.

1533-1592 C. E. -The lifespan of Michel de Montaigne.

1485 C. E. - Henry VII becomes king of England after defeating and slaying Richard III in the battle of Bosworth Field.

1509-1547 C. E. -Reign of Henry VIII.

Week 17

1553 C. E. - Lady Jane Grey is queen of England for nine days.

1553 C. E. -Mary Tudor, daughter of Henry VIII, is queen after Lady Jane.

Week 18

1450 C. E. - Gutenberg begins to print a Bible in Latin, with four famous printing presses following in Westminster, Basle, Venice and Antwerp.

Week 19

1467-1536 C. E. - The lifespan of Erasmus who was the author of *The Praise of Folly*.

Week 20

1478-1535 C. E. - The lifespan of Sir Thomas More, who later (1529) succeeded Wolsey as Lord Chancellor of England under Henry VIII. 1551 C. E. -More's *Utopia* is translated into English.

1535 C. E. -More is brought to Westminster Hall for his last trial and is pronounced guilty of treason for refusing to take Henry VIII's oath to the Act of Supremacy and is subsequently executed.

1471-1528 C. E. -The lifespan of Albrecht Durer, who was an artist who painted, etched and engraved, including the etching titled *St. Jerome in His Study*.

1497-1543 C. E. -The lifespan of Hans Holbein the Younger, a German artist like Durer, who painted the portrait of Christina of Denmark.

1378-1446 C. E. - The lifespan of Renaissance educator Vittorino de Feltre. 1492-1540 C. E. -The lifespan of another Renaissance educator, Vives.

Week 22

1467-1519 C. E. - The lifespan of John Colet, an English educator who founded St. Paul's School.

1570 C. E. - *The Scholemaster*, which sets forth Roger Ascham's philosophy of education, is published.

Week 23

1473-1543 C. E. - The lifespan of Copernicus.

1530 C. E. - Copernicus wrote *On the Revolution of Celestial Bodies*, which changed the Earth from the center of all things as was explained in the Ptolemaic System to the sun being the center.

1571-1630 C. E. -The lifespan of Kepler, who supported the Copernican System.

1564-1642 C. E. -The lifespan of Galileo, who used a telescope widely and through its use made more discoveries in astronomy.

Week 24

1473-1543 C. E. - The lifespan of Prince Henry the Navigator of Portugal.

1486 C. E. -Bartholomew Diaz discovers the Cape of Good Hope.

1497 C. E. -Vasco da Gama sets out and eventually reaches India.

1492 C. E. -Christopher Columbus reaches Bahama Islands, Cuba and Haiti.

1513 C. E. -Ponce de Leon sets out to find the Fountain of Perpetual Youth but instead finds Florida.

1519 C. E. -Cortez finds Mexico.

1531 C. E. -Pizarro finds the Incas of Peru.

1539 C. E. -De Soto finds the Mississippi River.

1522 C. E. -Ferdinand Magellan is the first to circumnavigate the world.

1497 C. E.-The Cabots find Newfoundland.

1534 and 1535 C. E. - Jacques Cartier sails up the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

1517 C. E. -Martin Luther nails his 95 theses to church door in Wittenberg.

Week 26

1520 C. E. -Pope Leo X issues a bull excommunicating Luther.

1521 C. E. -Luther appears at the Diet at Worms, held by Charles V.

1525 C. E. -The Peasants' War breaks out.

Week 27

1536 C. E. -John Calvin published *Institutes of the Christian Religion*, an account of his theological teachings.

Week 28

1534 C. E. -Henry VIII and Parliament pass two acts: the Act of Supremacy and the Act of Succession.

1536-1540 C. E. -Years in which the dissolution of the monasteries occurred. 1540 C. E. -Thomas Cromwell lost favor with Henry VIII and was sentenced to death.

Week 29

1505-1572 C. E. -The lifespan of John Knox, who led the reformers in setting up the Church of Scotland.

Week 30

1484-1536 C. E.-The lifespan of William Tyndale, who contributed the first English translation of the Bible.

1611 C. E. -The Authorized or King James Version of the Bible took place.

1430 C. E. -Philip the Good marries Isabel of Portugal and a new order of chivalry is instituted called the Order of the Golden Fleece.

1366-1426 C. E. -The lifespan of Hubert Van Eyck one of two brothers from Bruges who were great painters.

1380-1441 C. E. -The lifespan of Jan Van Eyck, the brother to Hubert.

1581 C. E. - The end of the revolt of the Netherlands, when northern provinces became independent as Holland.

1576 C. E. - Spanish soldiers revolt and sack Antwerp.

1581 C. E. - The Dutch provinces renounce their allegiance to the king of Spain.

Week 32

1562 C. E. -The first civil war, between primarily Huguenots and Catholics, broke out in France.

1572 C. E. -The Feast of St. Bartholomew takes place.

1598 C. E. -Henry of Navarre proclaims his edict of toleration, the Edict of Nantes.

Week 33

1545 C. E. - A council is summoned by the church to meet and discuss reform and is known as the Council of Trent.

1540 C. E. - Pope Paul III issued a bull establishing the order founded by Ignatius Loyola as the Society of Jesus, generally called the Jesuit Order. 1515-1582 C. E. - The lifespan of St. Teresa.

Week 34

1459-1526 C. E. -Jacob Fugger became one of the greatest bankers of Europe.

1554-1600 C. E. -The lifespan of Richard Hooker, a great scholar and known for his statement of the beliefs of the English Church.

1570 C. E. -The Pope issued a bull excommunicating Queen Elizabeth I and all of her subjects who were loyal to her.

Week 36

1558 C. E. - Mary, Queen of Scots, marries Dauphin Frances, who the following year becomes king and known as Francis II.

1587 C. E. -Mary, Queen of Scots, is put to death by Queen Elizabeth I.

1580 C. E. -Francis Drake is knighted by Queen Elizabeth I on his return from a voyage around the world.

1588 C. E. -Philip prepares the great fleet, the Armada, and sets sail for England.

Week 37

1563 C. E. - The Statute of Apprentices is passed to help those engaged in trade or industry.

1601 C. E. - The Poor Law required the parish to take care of its own poor.

1494 C. E. - The Poynings' Laws were passed requiring all English laws in force at that time were to be valid in Ireland too.